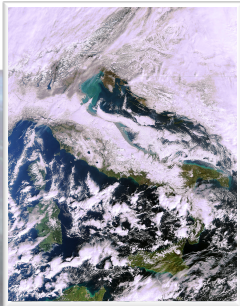


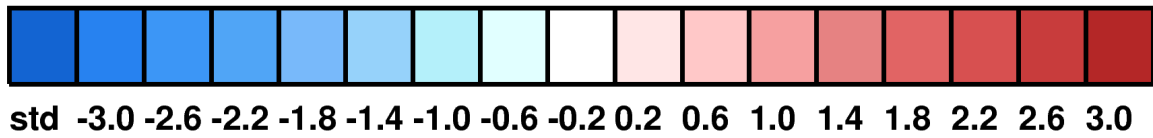
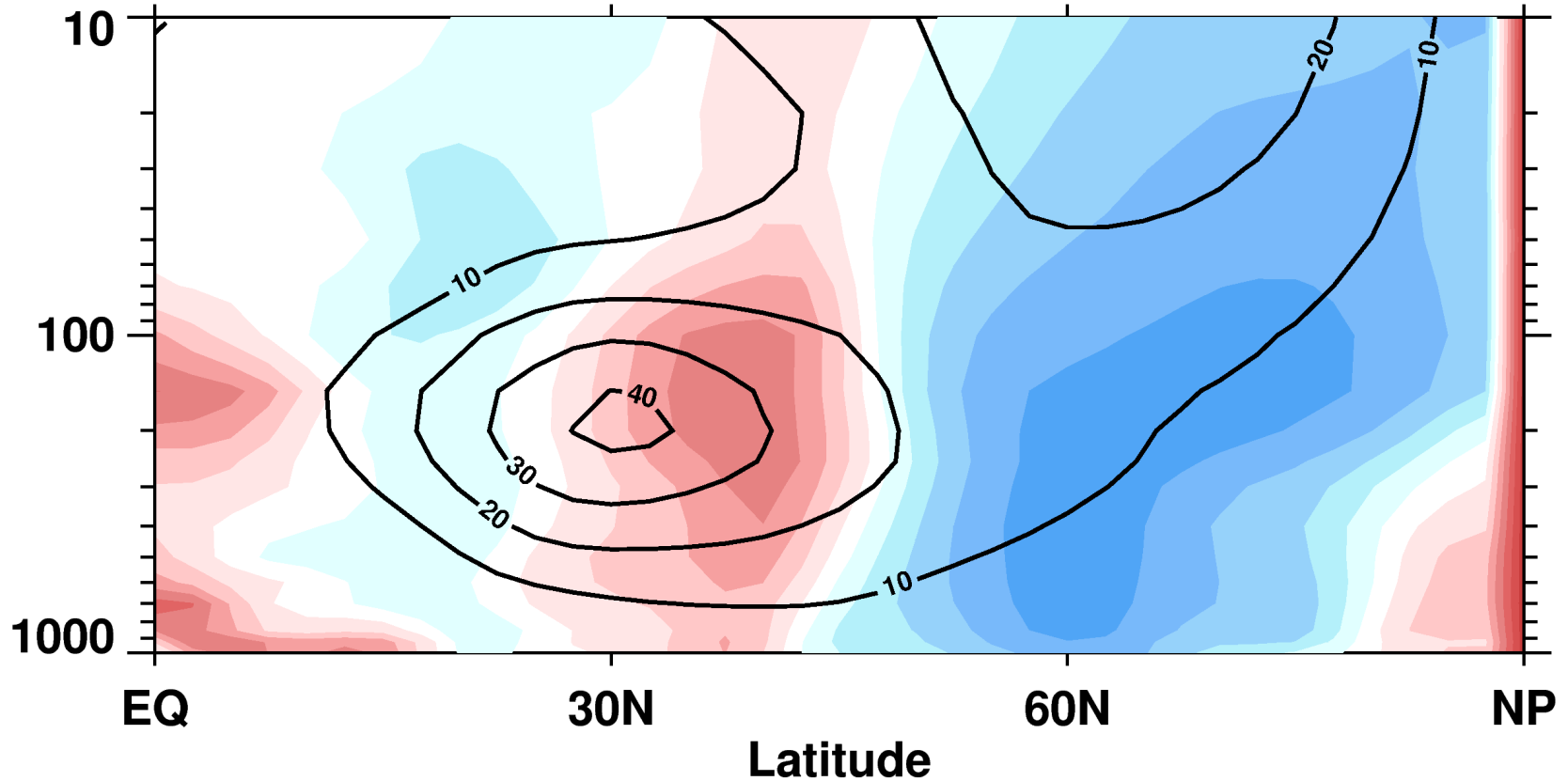
Arctic-lower latitude linkages: Implications for weather and climate predictions

**J. Cohen, J. Furtado, J. Jones, M. Barlow, V. Alexeev, J. Cherry and E.
Tziperman
May 13, 2014**



Winter Zonal Wind Trends

Zonal Wind Trend Dec-Feb 1988/89-2013/14

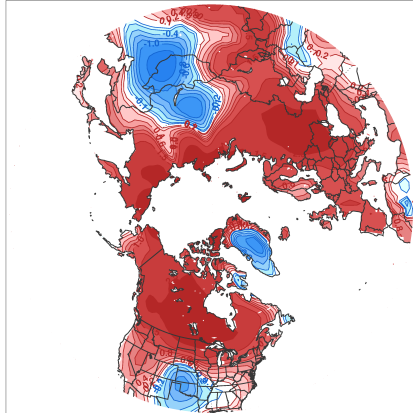


Outline

- Over the past two decades or so, robust warming has been observed for all spring, summer and fall but not winter.
- During this period the Arctic has been warming, Eurasian fall snow cover has been increasing and Arctic sea ice has been melting.
- More fall snow cover and likely less sea ice favors the negative phase of the winter Arctic Oscillation.
- Improved predictions can be gleamed by better understanding and modeling of sea ice- and snow-atmosphere coupling and stratosphere-troposphere coupling.

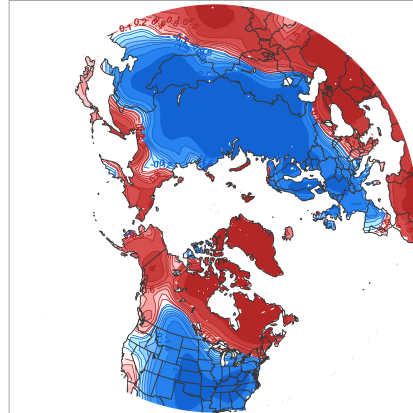
Northern Hemisphere Land Temperatures 2009-13

Observed Temperature Anomaly Sep-Oct-Nov 2009



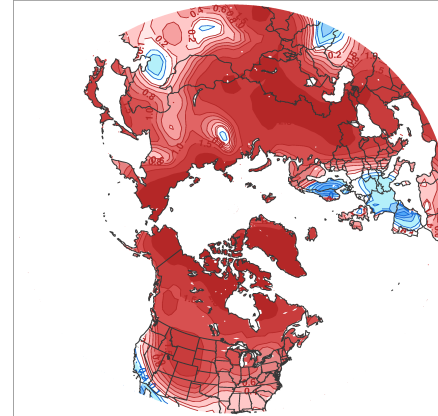
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Observed Temperature Anomaly Dec-Jan-Feb 2010



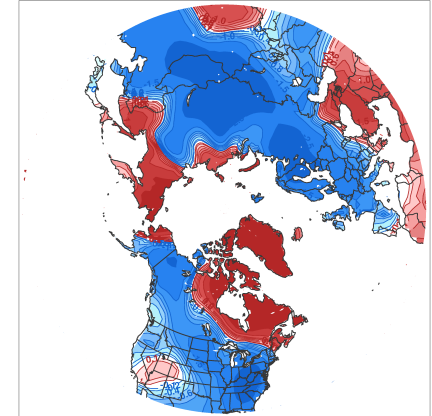
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Observed Temperature Anomaly Sep-Oct-Nov 2010



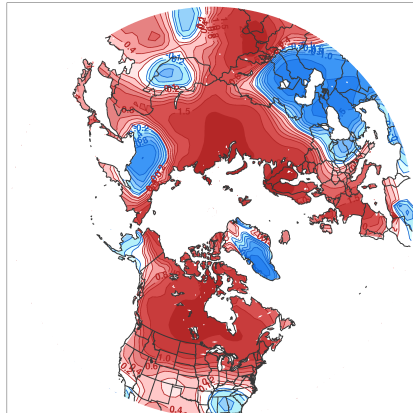
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Observed Temperature Anomaly Dec-Jan-Feb 2011



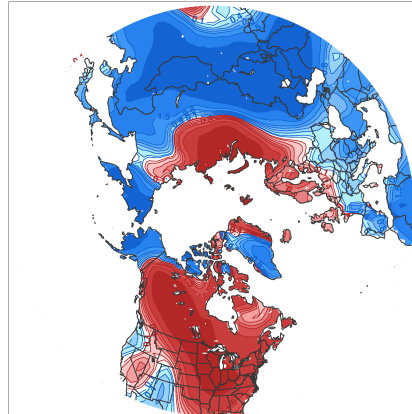
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Observed Temperature Anomaly Sep-Oct-Nov 2011



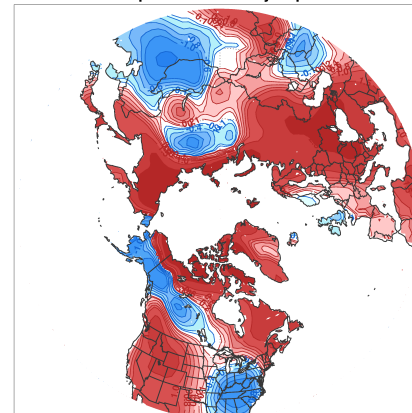
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Observed Temperature Anomaly: Dec 1 - Feb 29 2012



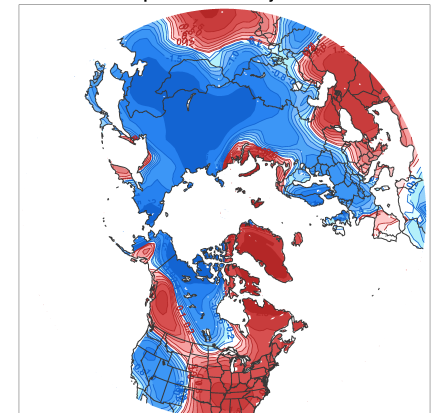
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Observed Temperature Anomaly Sep-Oct-Nov 2012



°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

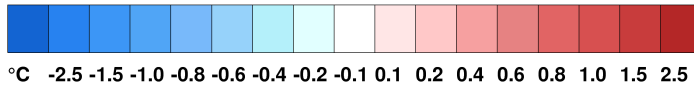
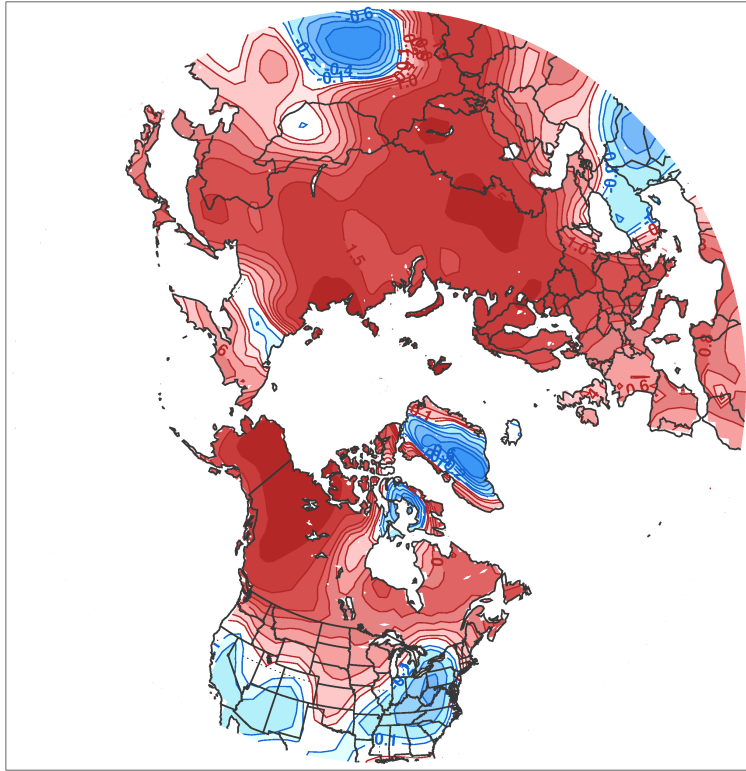
Observed Temperature Anomaly Dec-Jan-Feb 2013



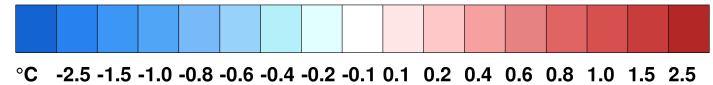
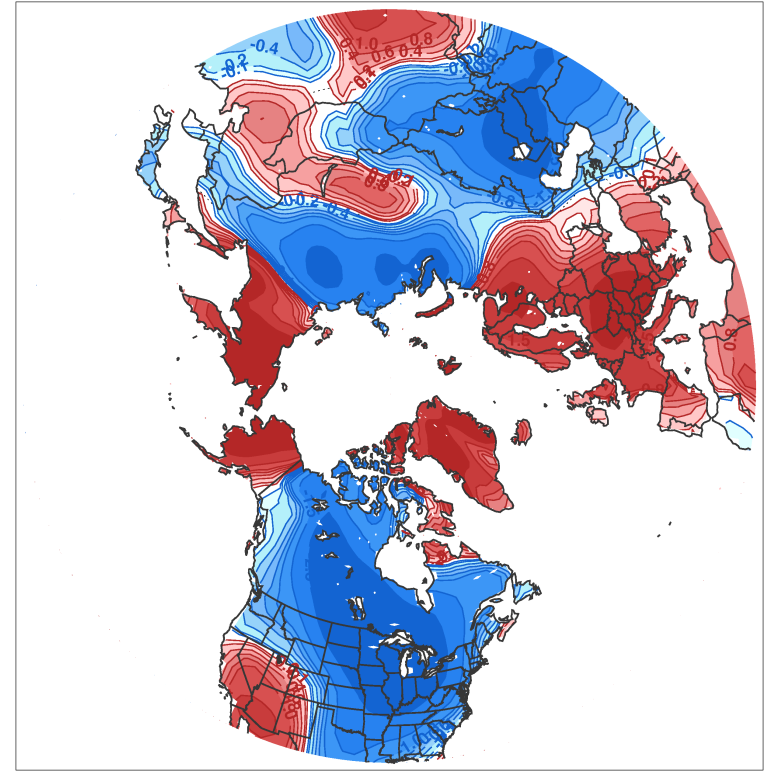
°C -2.5 -1.5 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 2.5

Fall-Winter 2013/14

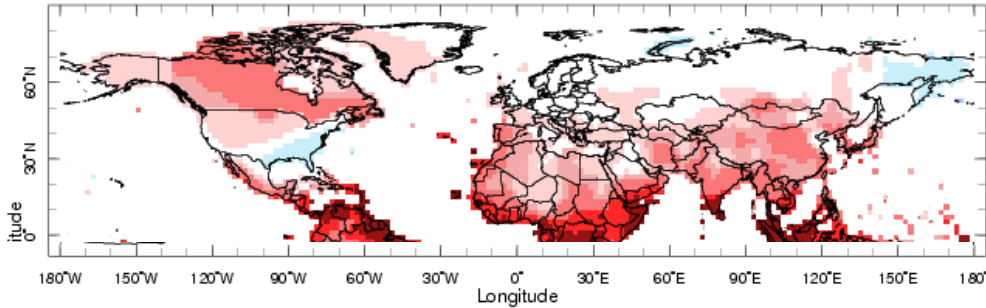
Observed Temperature Anomaly Sep-Oct-Nov 2013



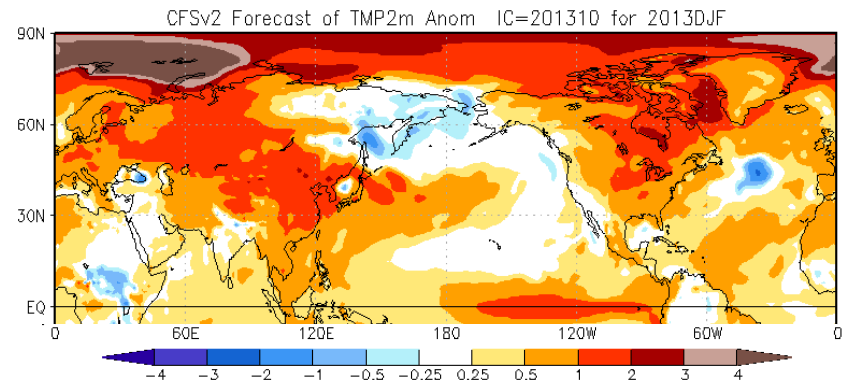
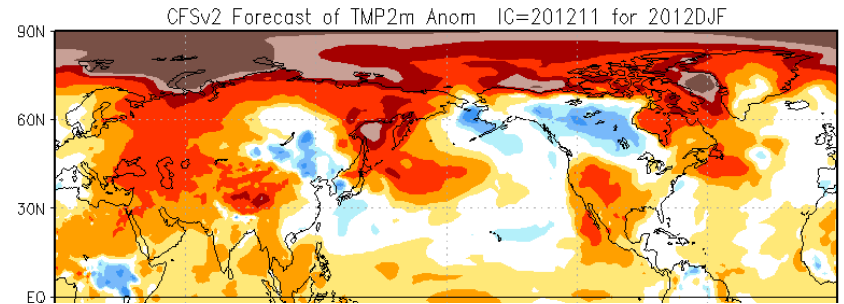
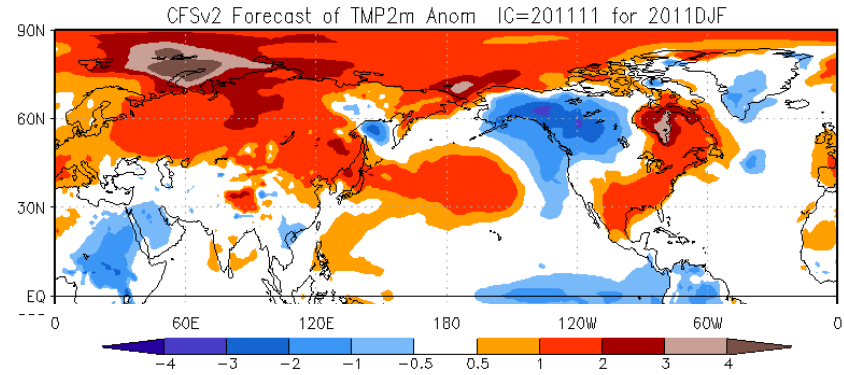
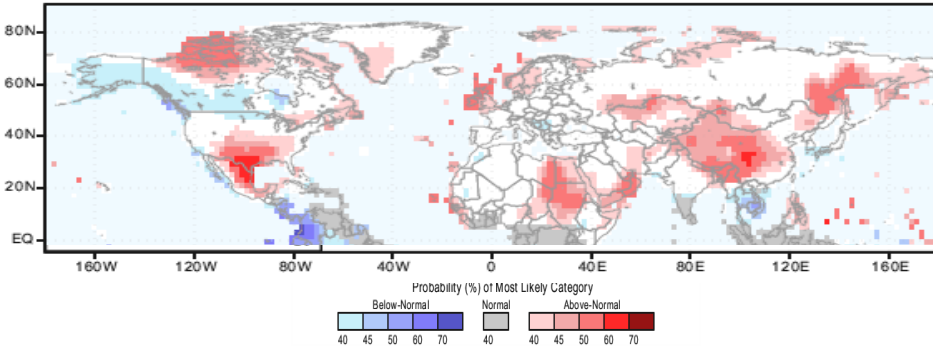
Observed Temperature Anomaly Dec-Jan-Feb 2014



Dynamical Winter Forecasts 2009/10-13/14



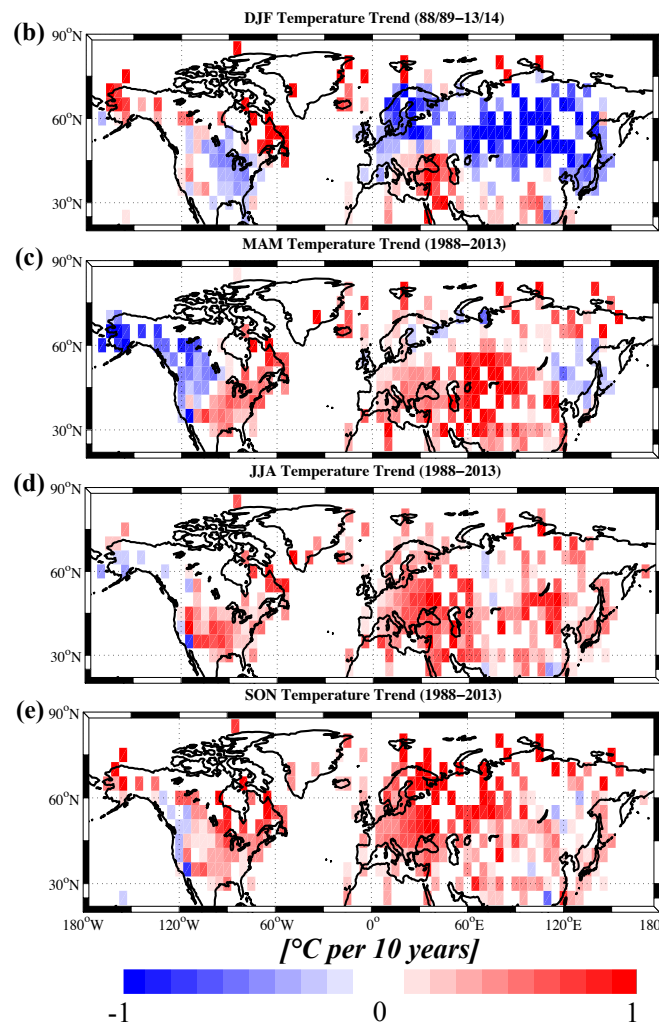
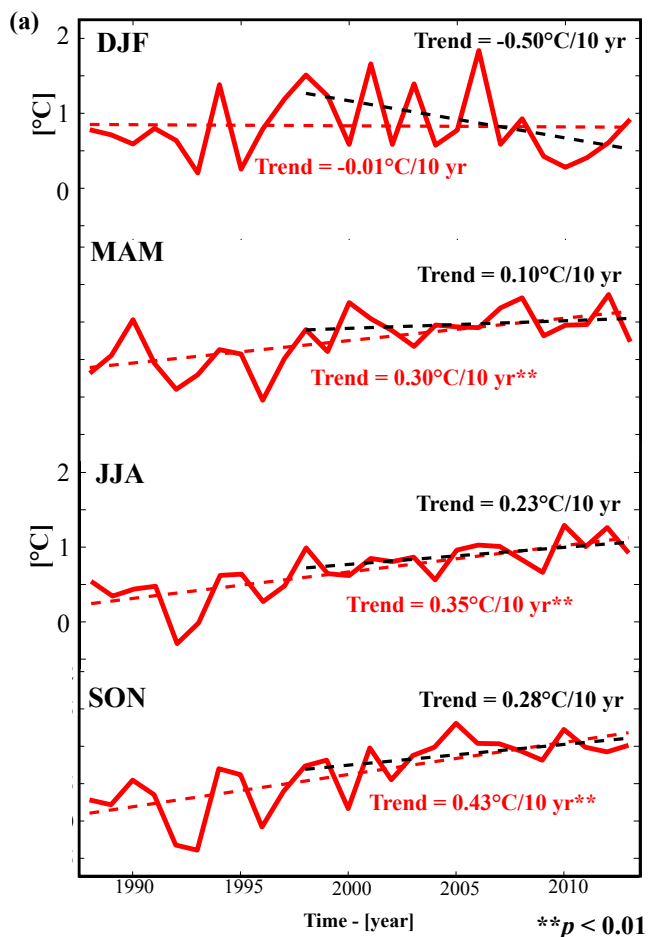
IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Temperature for December-January-February 2011, Issued November 2010



Is it Natural Variability?

- How to explain the dramatic temperature change from warm to cold from fall to winter, like an on/off switch?
- It is five years running.
- The dynamical models have incorrectly predicted all warm winters.
- There is strong radiative forcing to warm the climate and the predictions were for winter amplification.

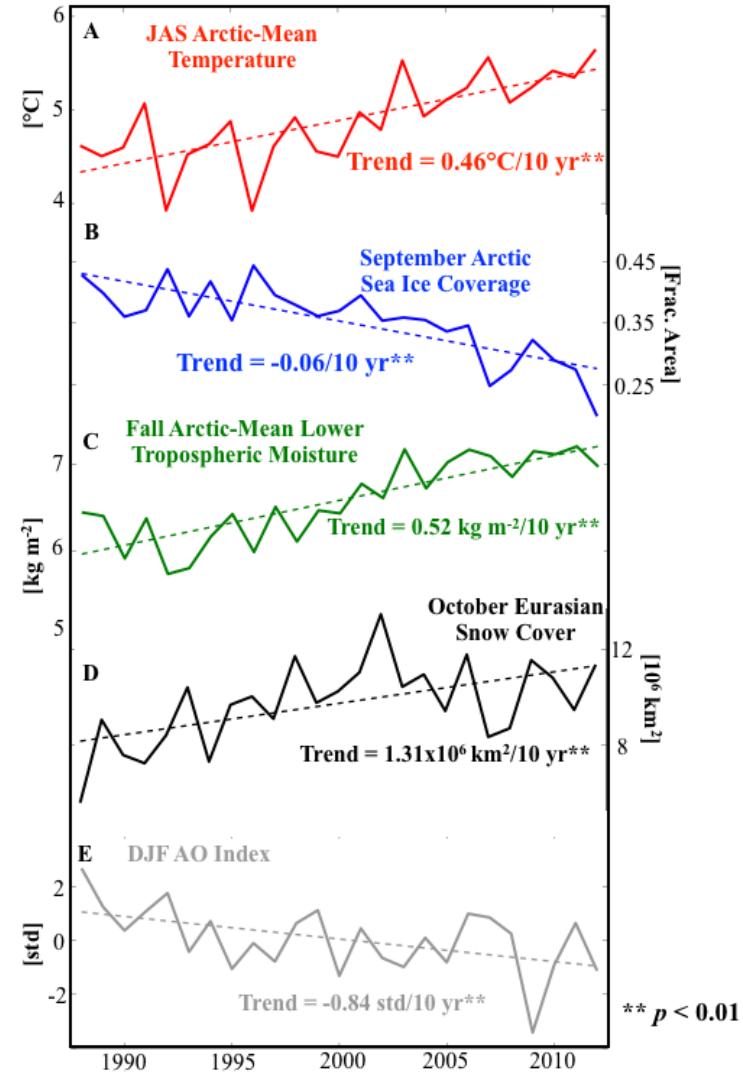
Northern Hemisphere Land Temperatures 1988-2014



Arctic Trends 1988-2012

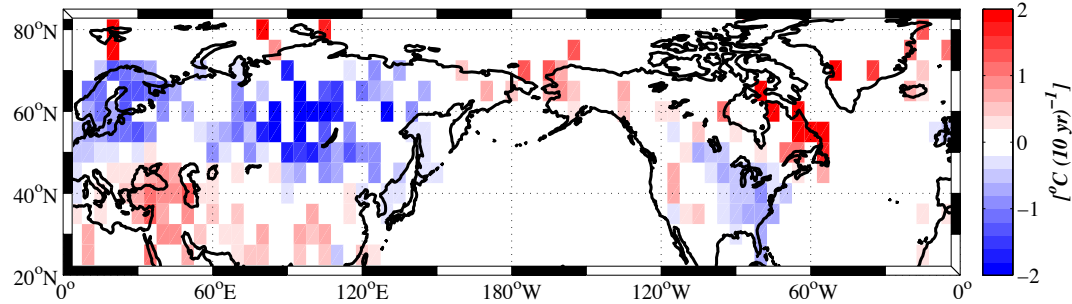
- ✓ Warming Arctic
- ✓ Less sea ice
- ✓ More atmospheric moisture
- ✓ Increasing snow cover
- ✓ Decreasing Arctic Oscillation trend

Positive feedback loop of thermodynamic heating in the fall leads to a dynamic heating in the winter in the Arctic

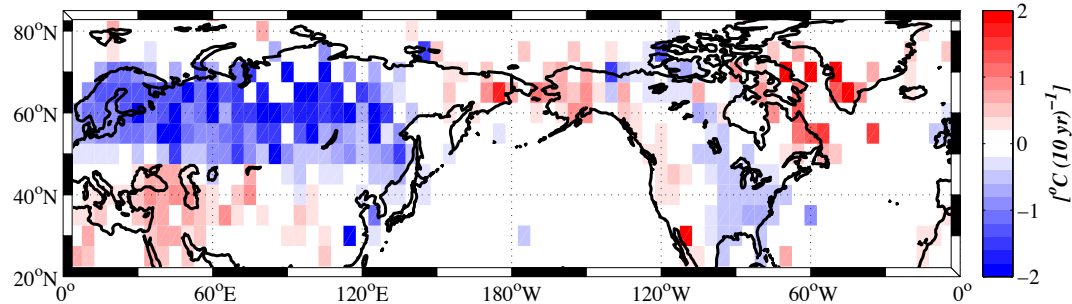


Winter Temperature Trends

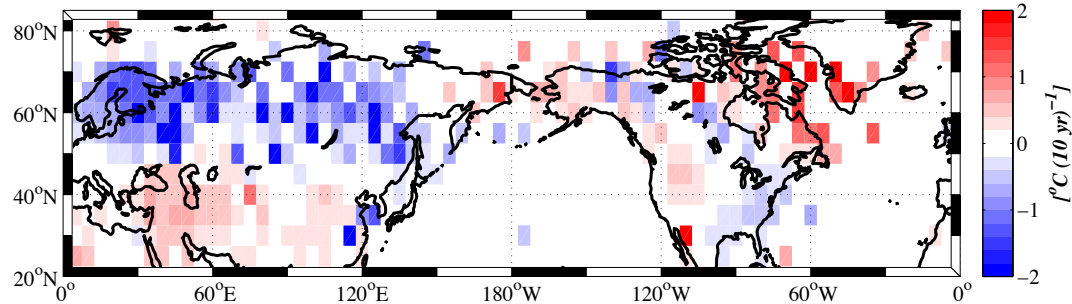
DJF Ts Trend (1988–2010)



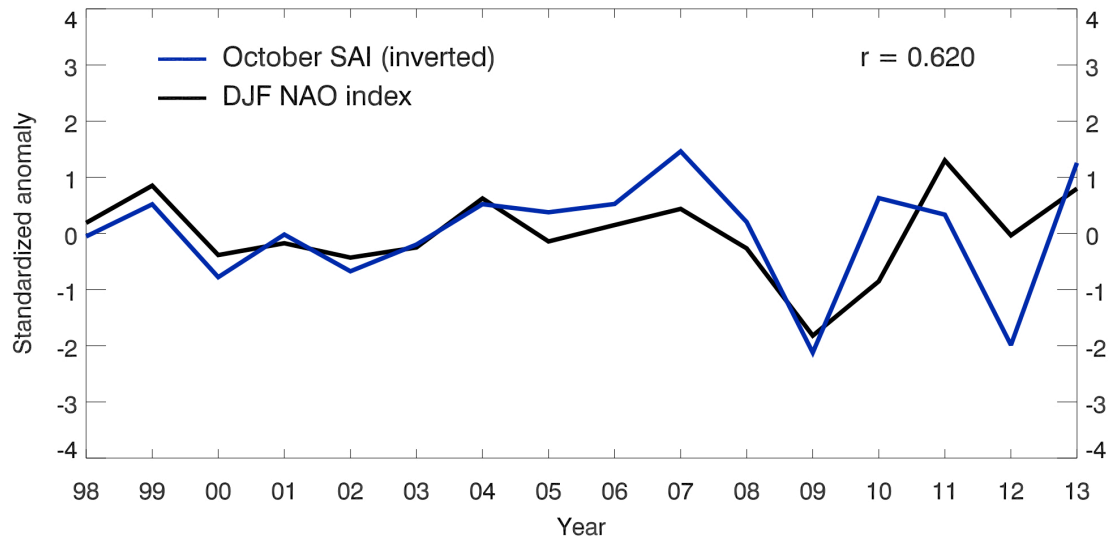
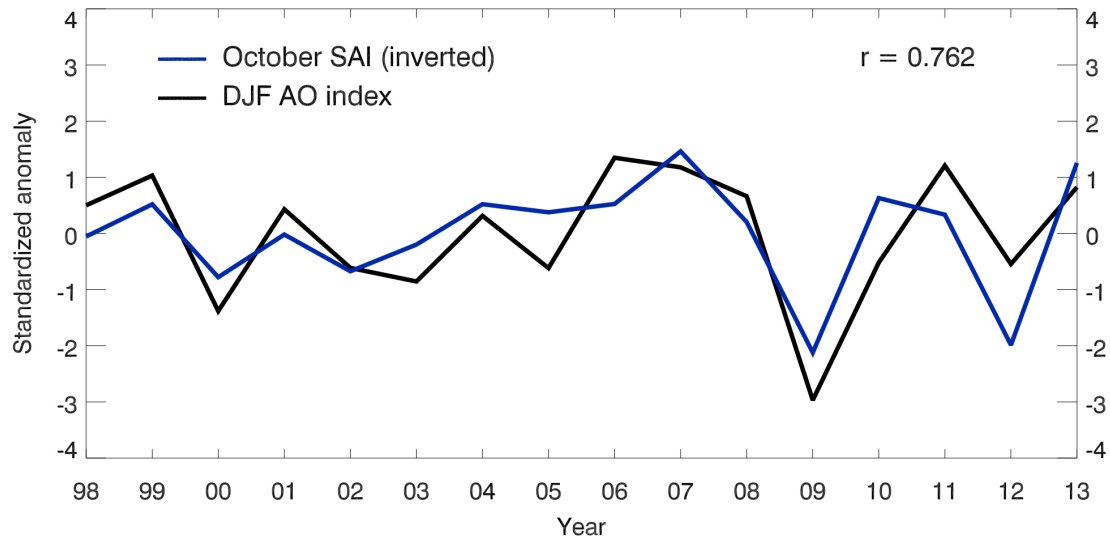
DJF Ts Trend Associated w/ AO (1988–2010)



DJF Ts Trend Associated w/ EU Snow (1988–2010)

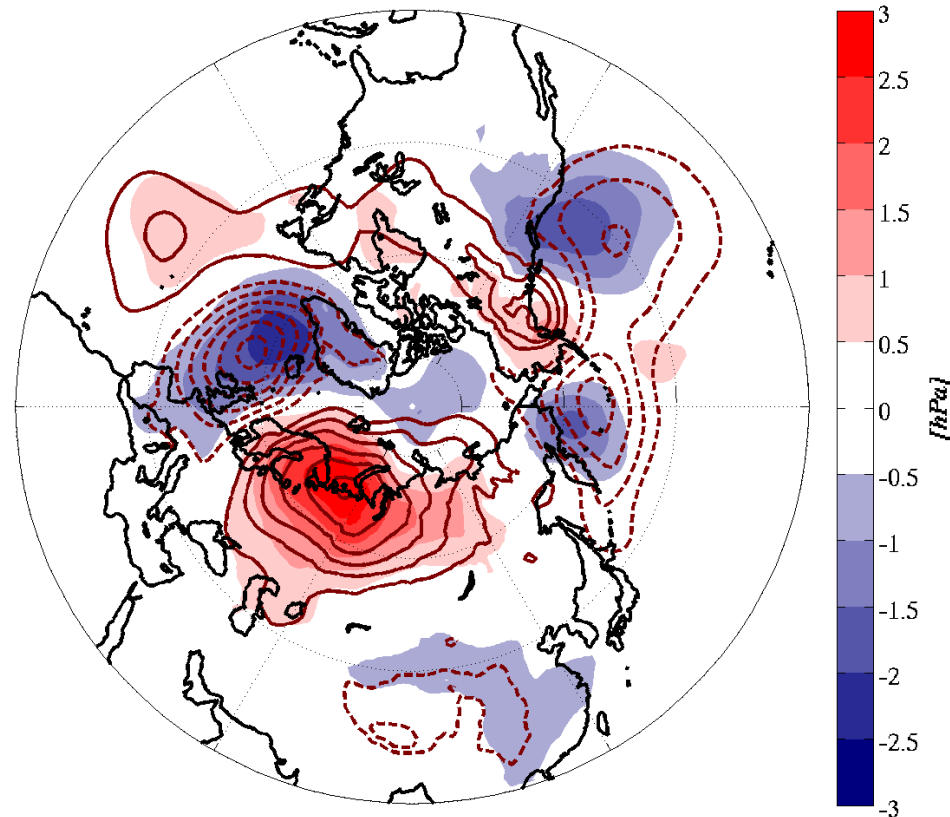


SAI and the AO and NAO



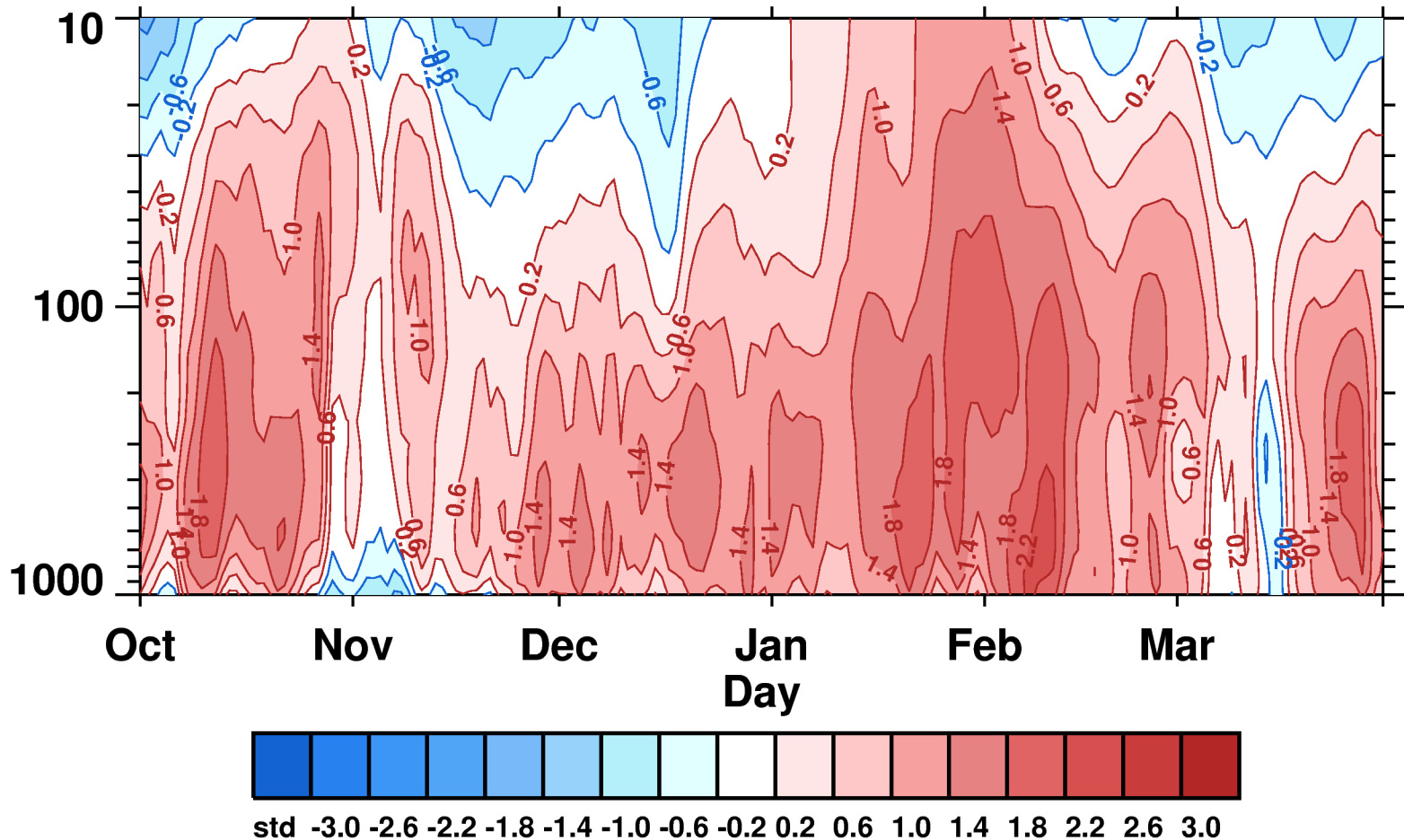
Snow Cover and 100 hPa heat flux SLP pattern

Regression of Nov SLPa onto the Oct. Eurasian SCE Index (Contours)
and the Dec 100 hPa [v^*T^*] Index (Shading)



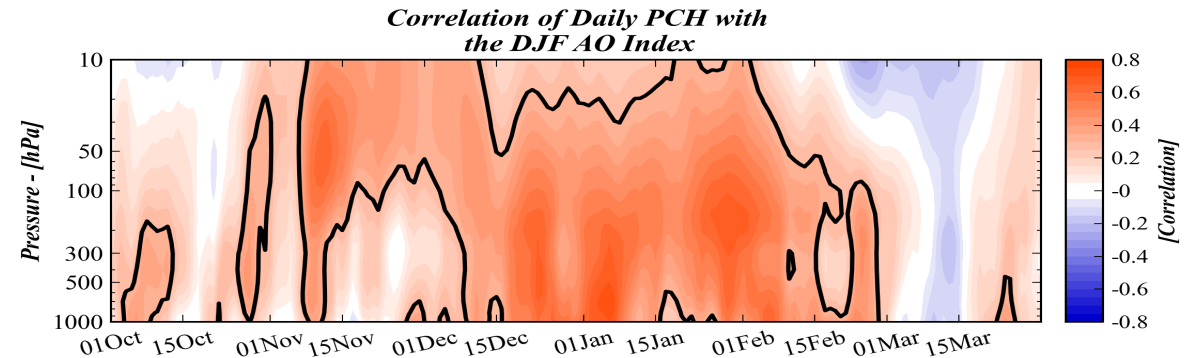
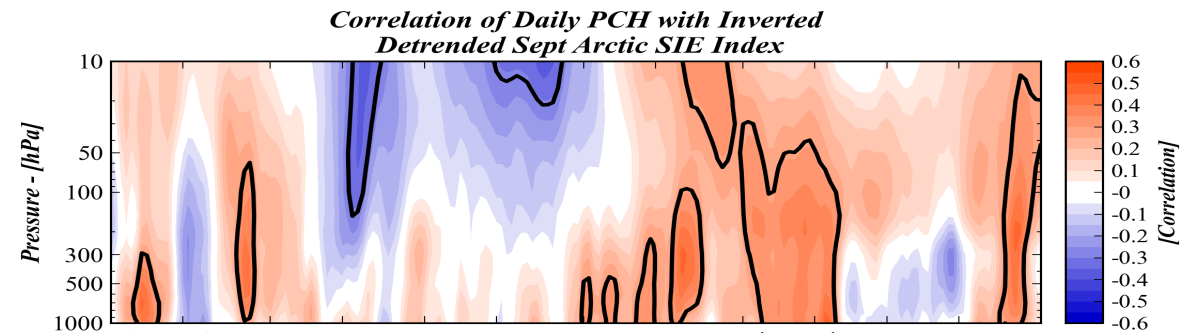
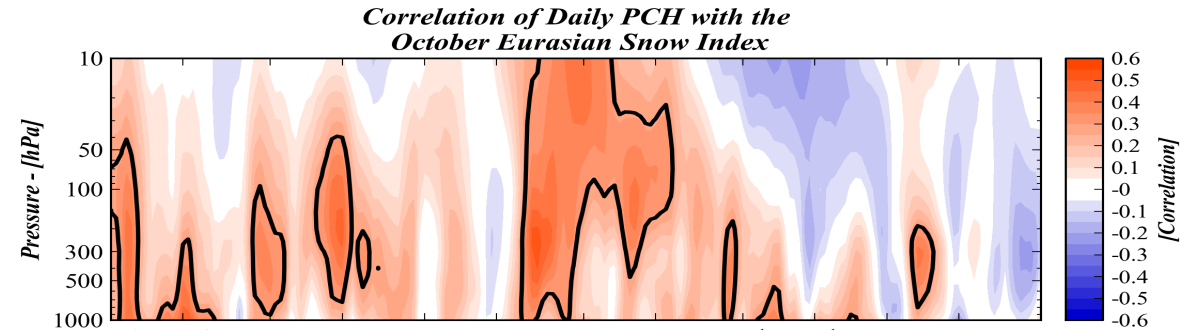
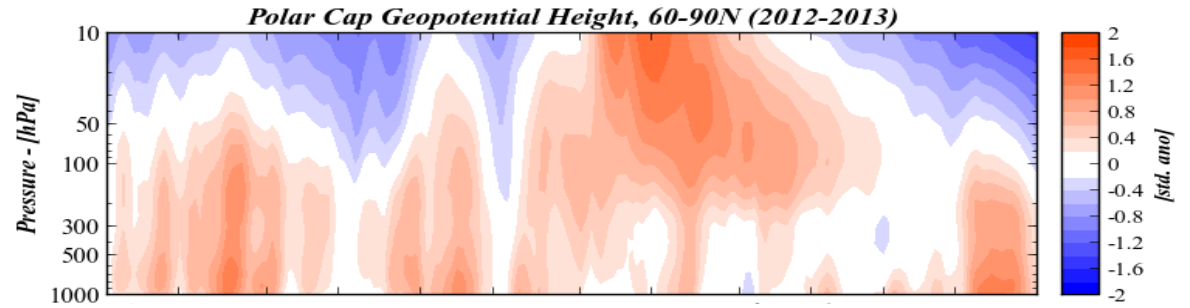
Pattern correlation = 0.93 between 40-80°N

Trend in Polar Cap Height 1988/89-2013/14

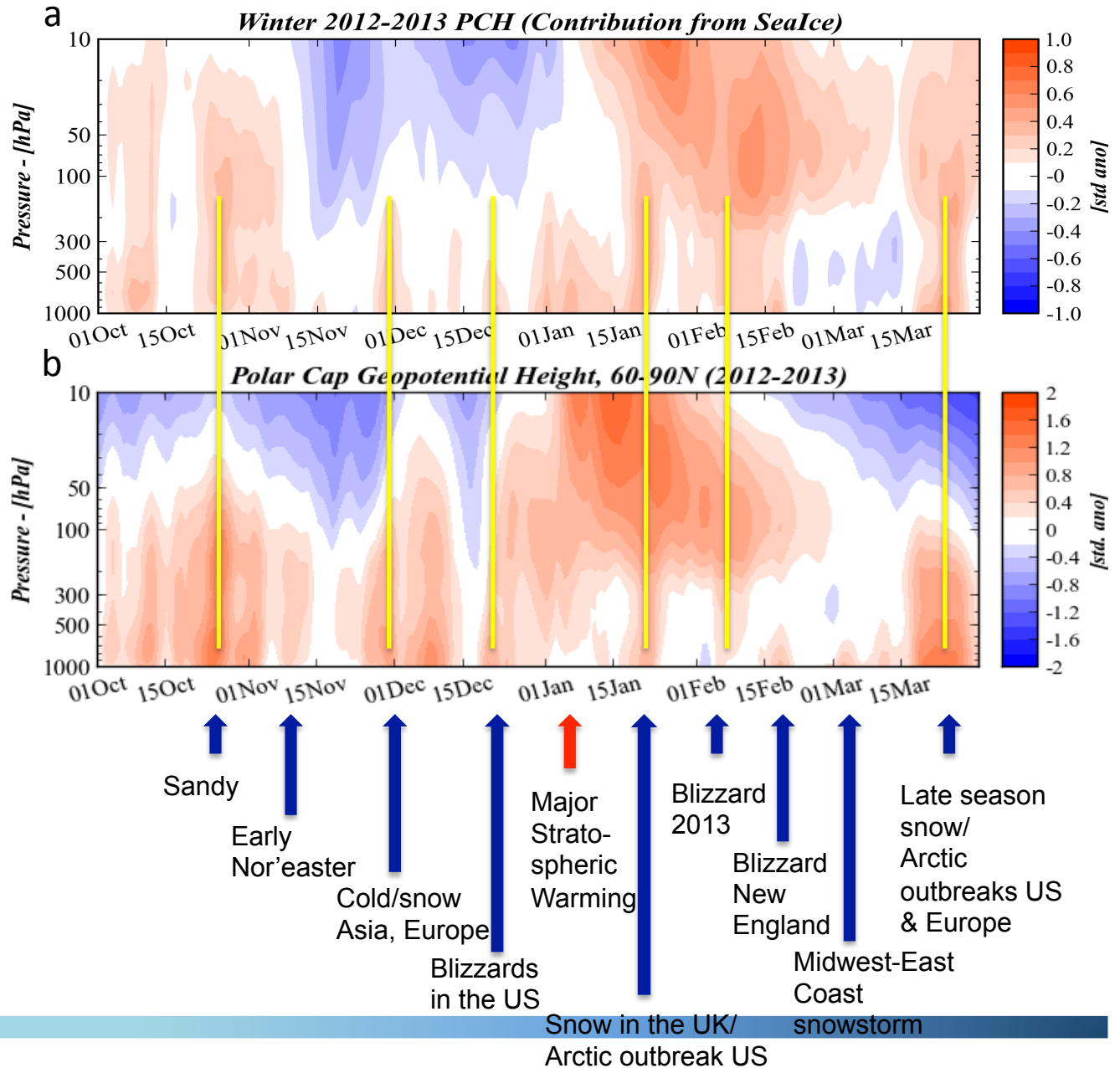


Increase in stratosphere-troposphere coupling mid-late winter that favors a warmer polar stratosphere and higher heights in the Arctic troposphere (negative AO).

PCH Oct-Mar



PCH Oct-Mar

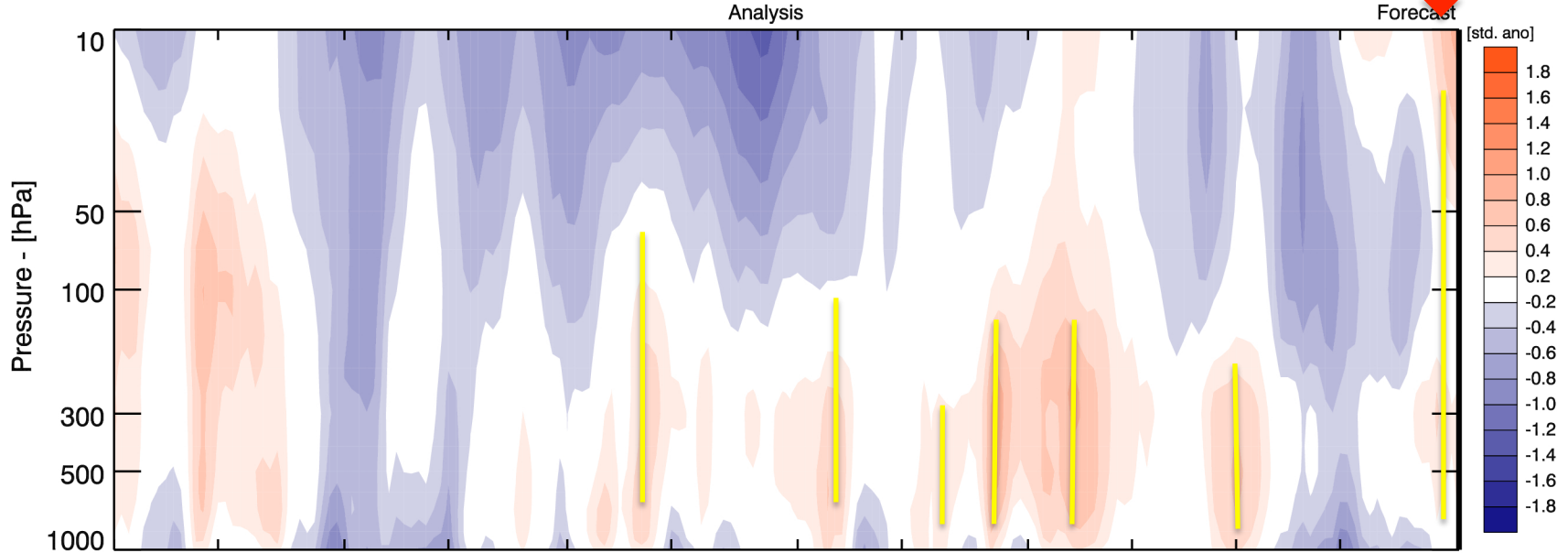


PCH

Oct-Mar 2014

Major Strato-
spheric Warming

Polar Cap Geopotential Height, 60-90N (2013-2014)



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01 Oct 15 Oct 01 Nov 15 Nov 01 Dec 15 Dec 01 Jan 15 Jan 01 Feb 15 Feb 01 Mar 15 Mar

Early cold snap

Sandy

Cold/Snow US

"Polar Vortex"

Cold/Snow US

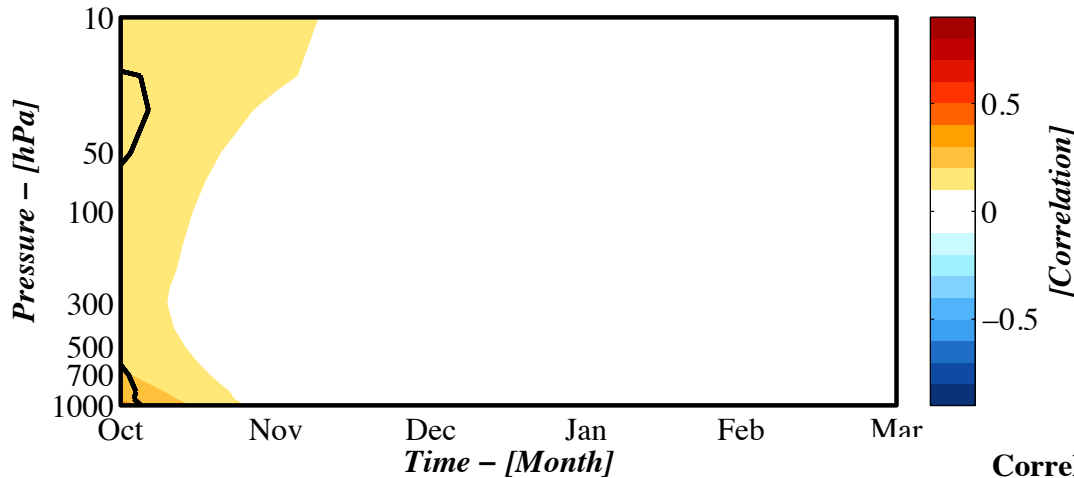
Record Great Lakes sea ice

Blizzard NE US/Canada

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Correlation of Polar Cap GPH w/ Oct. EU Snow Observations and CMIP5

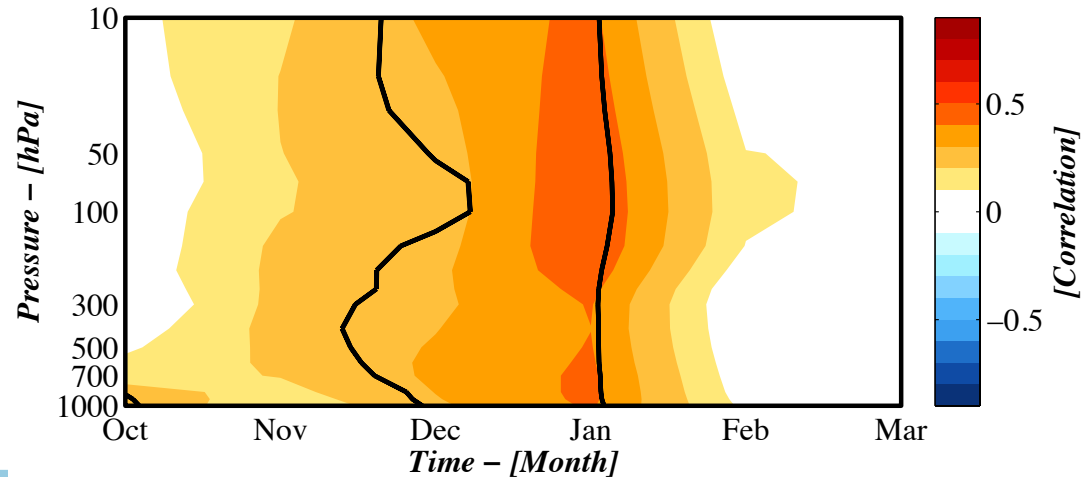
Correlation of GPH with Oct EU Snow – Ensemble Mean



Almost no significant correlations from the models for the snow index and GPH.

Black contour = 95% significance

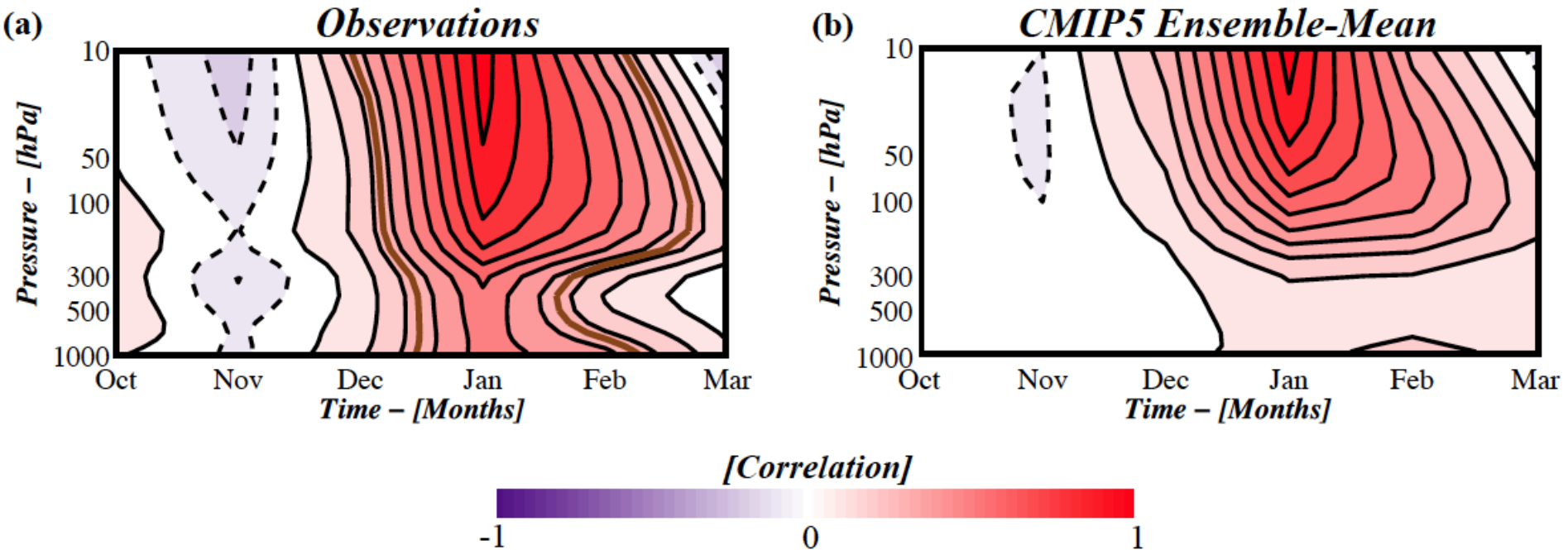
Correlation of GPH with Oct EU Snow – Obs



For the observations, the significant observations exist in December and January.

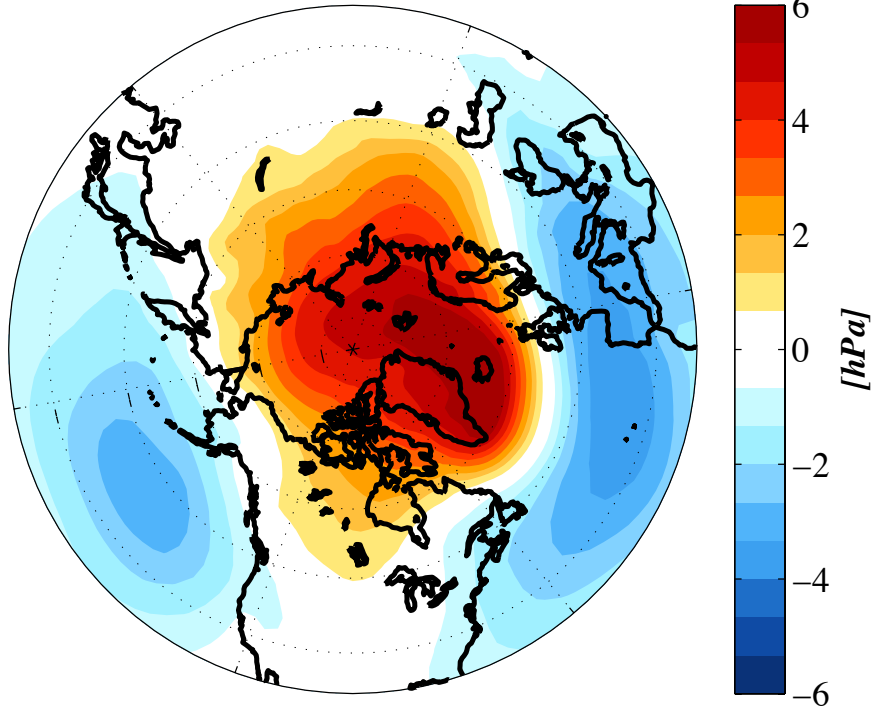
Stratosphere-troposphere coupling

Lag Correlation of Jan AO_{10} with the AO Index at All Levels

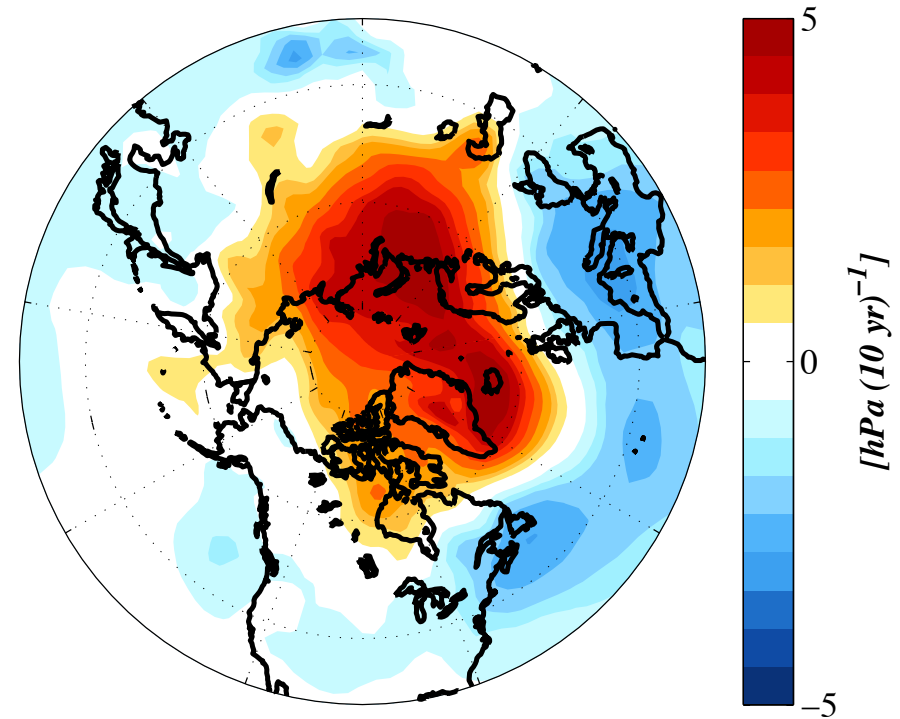


Tropospheric Winter Trends

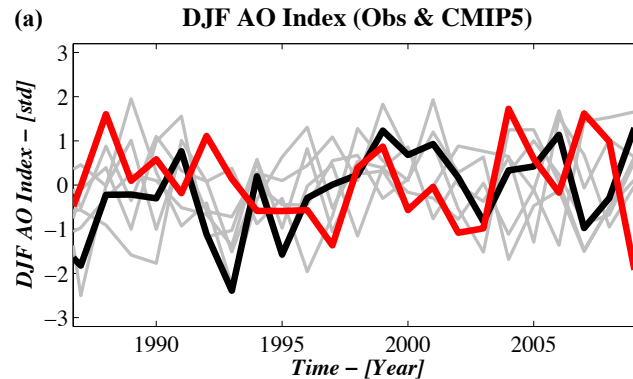
Negative Phase of the Arctic Oscillation



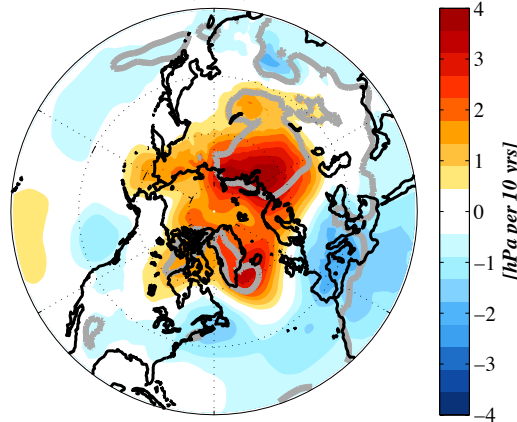
DJF SLP Trend (1988–2010)



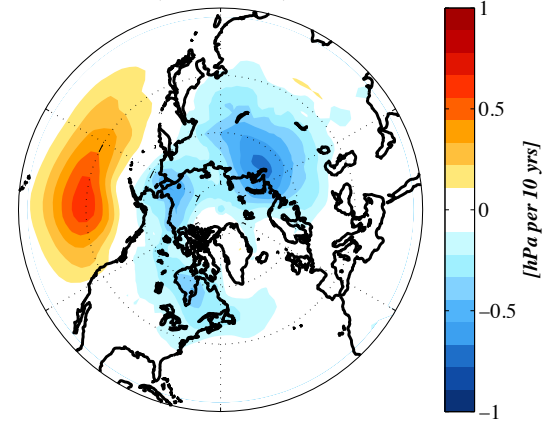
Simulated Tropospheric Winter Trends



(b) DJF SLP Trend (1986-2009)
(OBS)

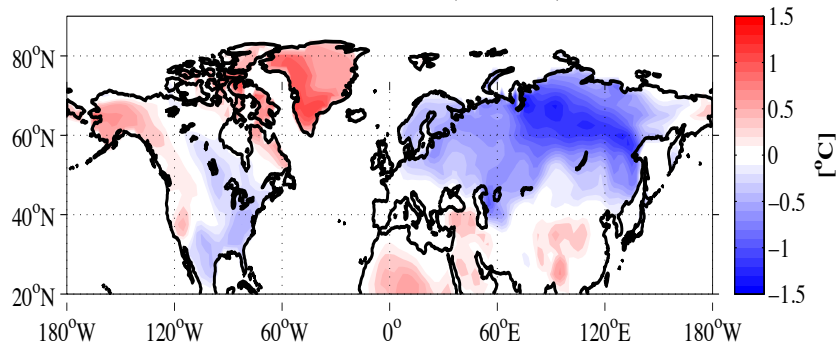


(c) DJF SLP Trend (1986-2009)
(ENSMEAN)

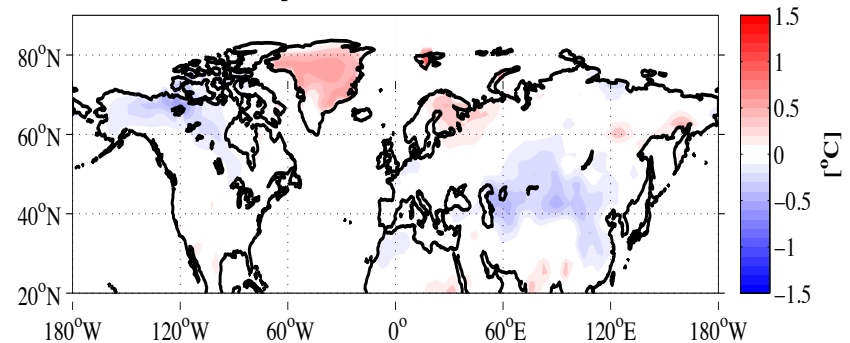


Snow and Sea Ice as Predictors of the AO Temperature Pattern

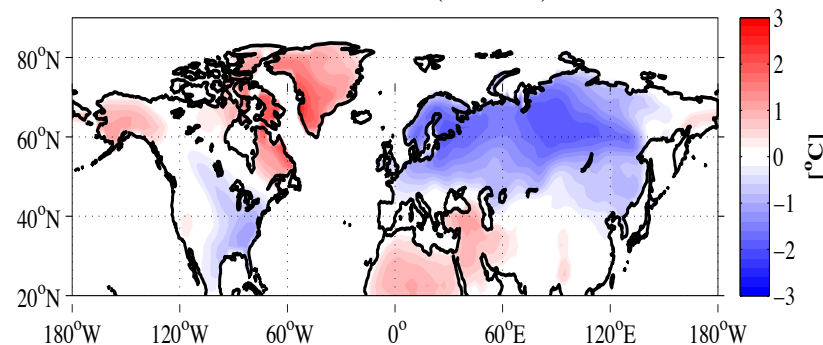
Regression of DJF Surface Temperature onto the October Snow Index (Detrended)



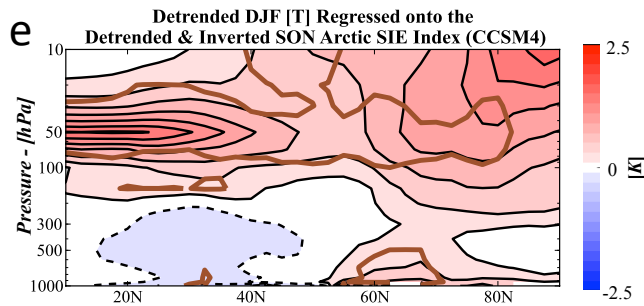
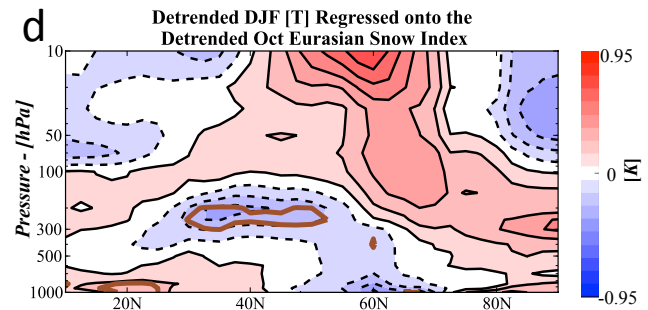
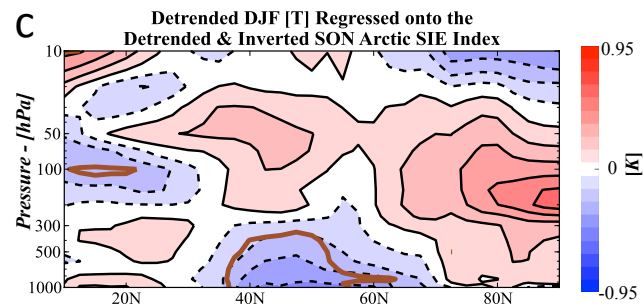
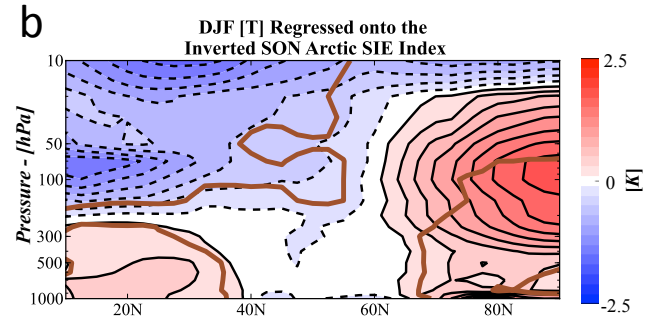
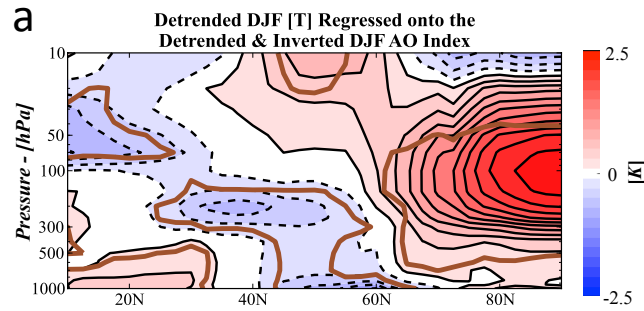
Regression of DJF Surface Temperature onto the Inverted Sept. Arctic Sea Ice Index (Detrended)



Regression of DJF Surface Temperature onto the -AO Index (Detrended)

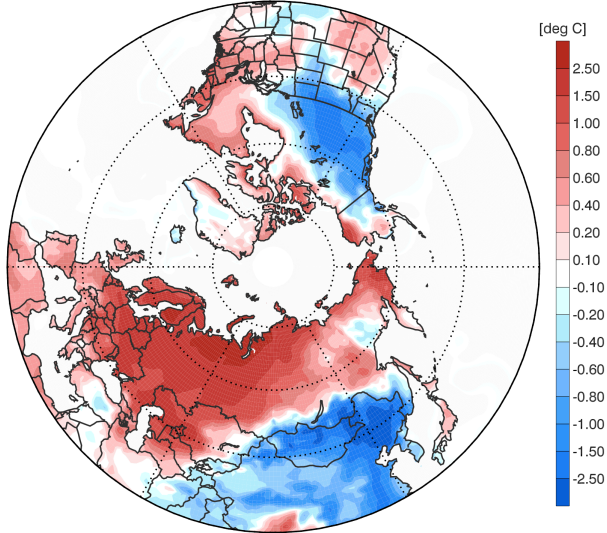


Warm Arctic-Cold Continents

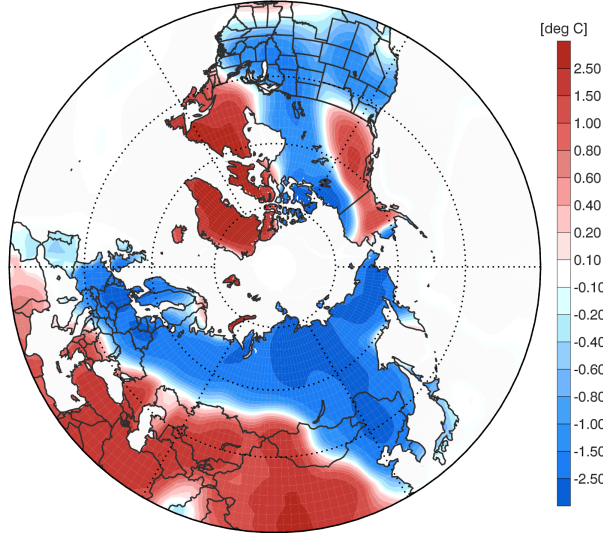


Winter 2013 Temperature Forecasts

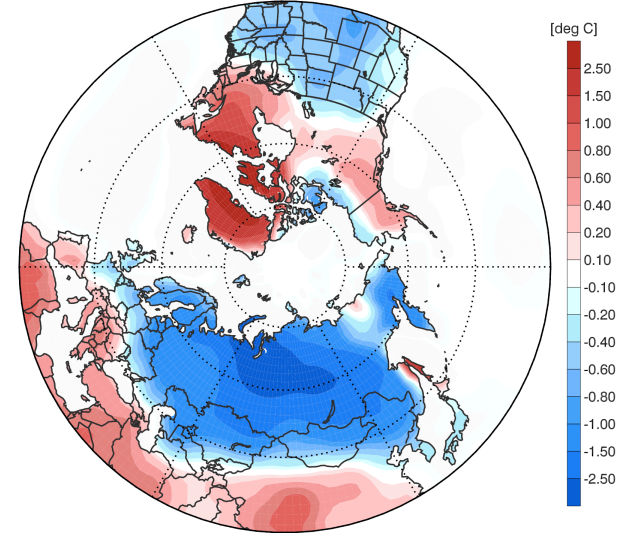
NMME Forecast Temperature Anomaly JFM 2013



Observed Temperature Anomaly JFM 2013

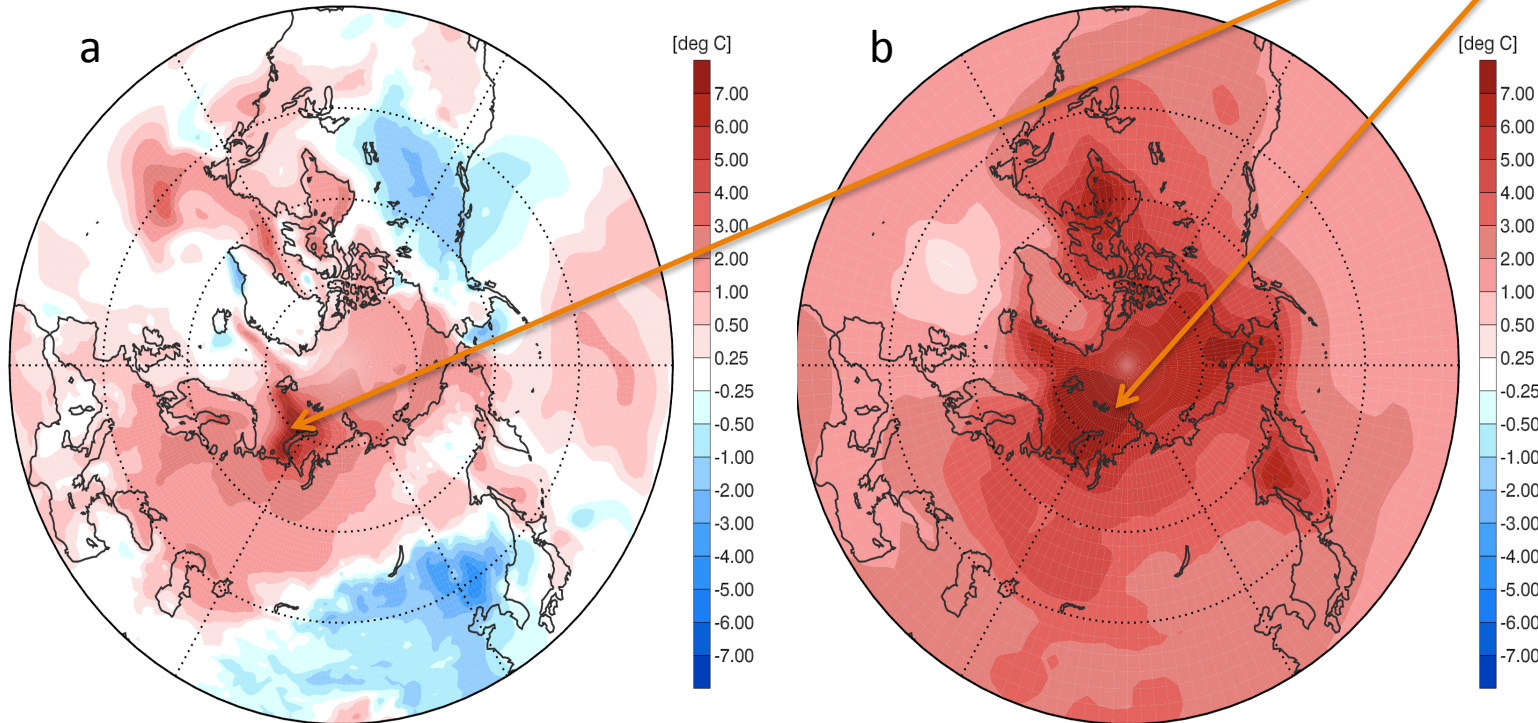


AER Forecast Temperature Anomaly JFM 2013



Winter 2013 Temperature Forecast/Climate Change Projections

Same bull's eye with continental warming, a cautionary tale.

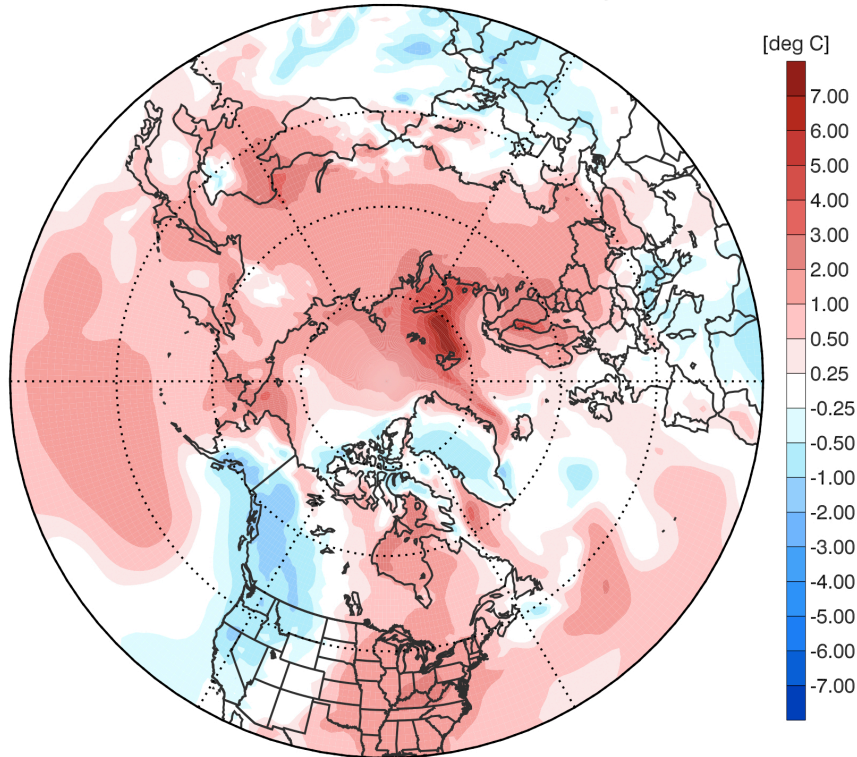


January-March 2013 Dynamical model surface temperature anomaly forecast

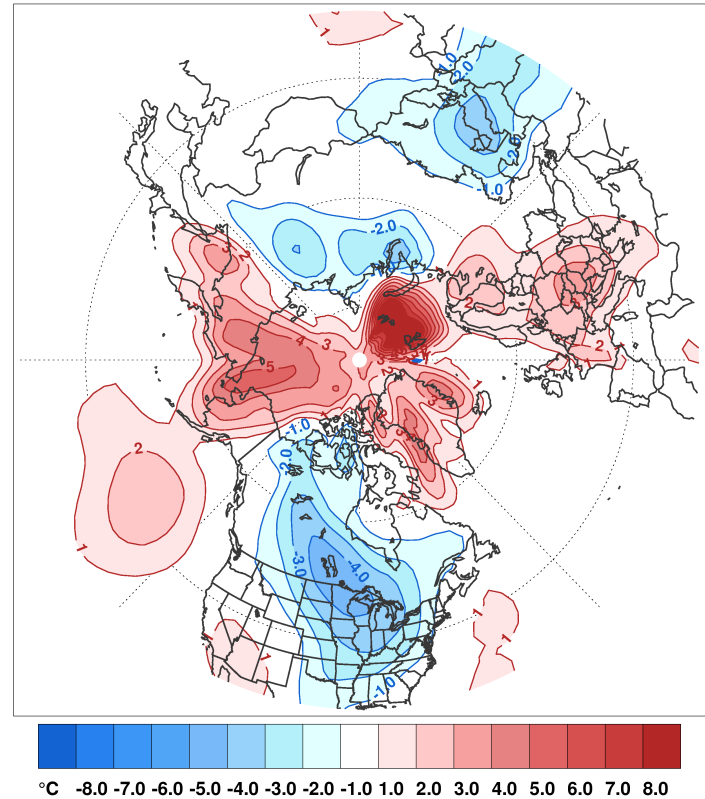
Composite differences of surface air temperature between the periods 2079-2100 minus 1979-2000.

Winter 2014 Temperatures

NASA GMAO Forecast Temperature Anomaly JFM 2014



Observed Temperature Anomaly Dec-Jan-Feb 2014



In models Arctic warmth is advected to the continents but not seen in nature.

Summary

- Over the past two decades or so, there has been a marked asymmetry in seasonal temperature trends with cooling in winter and continued warming in the other seasons.
- The cooling is trend projects strongly on to the negative phase of the winter Arctic Oscillation (AO).
- Snow cover variability is robustly related to dynamical metrics of troposphere-stratosphere coupling and the AO pattern of variability.
- In nature “warm Arctic, cold continents” pattern is common to the negative AO, high snow cover and low sea ice but not in the dynamical models.
- Improved modeling of sea ice- and snow- atmosphere coupling and stratosphere-troposphere coupling will yield seasonal to decadal scale predictions.

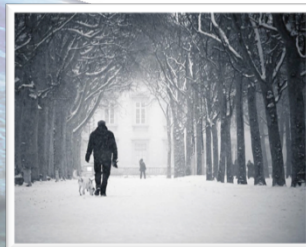
Cohen, J., J. Furtado, M. Barlow, V. Alexeev and J. Cherry, 2012a, Asymmetric seasonal temperature trends, *Geophysical Research Letters*, 014007 doi: 10.1029/2011GL050582.

Cohen, J., J. Furtado, M. Barlow, V. Alexeev and J. Cherry, 2012b, Arctic warming, increasing snow cover and widespread winter cooling, *Environmental Research Letters*, 014007 doi: 10.1088/1748-9326/7/1/014007.

Cohen, J., J. Jones, J. Furtado, and E. Tziperman, 2013, Warm Arctic, Cold Continents: A Common Pattern Related to Arctic Sea Ice Melt, Snow Advance, and Extreme Winter Weather, *Oceanography*, 014007 in press.

Cohen, J., J. Furtado, J. Jones, M. Barlow, D. Whittleston and D. Entekhabi 2014: Linking Siberian snow cover to Precursors of stratospheric variability. *Journal of Climate*, in press.

Furtado, J. C., J. L. Cohen, A. H. Butler, E. E. Riddle, and A. Kumar, 2014: Eurasian snow cover variability, winter climate, and stratosphere-troposphere coupling in the CMIP5 models. *Climate Dynamics*, in preparation.



Thank you!

Arctic Trends 1988-2010

- ✓ Warming Arctic
- ✓ Less sea ice
- ✓ More atmospheric moisture
- ✓ Increasing snow cover
- ✓ Decreasing Arctic Oscillation trend

Positive feedback loop of thermodynamic heating in the fall leads to a dynamic heating in the winter in the Arctic

